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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/028,734	12/28/2001	Morio Gaku	2001-1911	4414
513	7590 02/13/2003			
WENDEROTH, LIND & PONACK, L.L.P.			EXAMINER	
2033 K STRE SUITE 800		ELVE, MARIA ALEXANDRA		
WASHINGTO	ON, DC 20006-1021		ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
			1725	4
			DATE MAILED: 02/13/2003	/

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

Office Action Summary

Application No. 10/028,734

Applicant(s)

Gaku et al.

Examiner

M. Alexandra Elve

Art Unit 1725



	The MAILING DATE of this commu	nication appears on the	cover sheet with	the correspondence address			
Period 1	for Reply						
	ORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOI MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNI		PIRE 3	MONTH(S) FROM			
	sions of time may be available under the provisions of	f 37 CFR 1.136 (a). In no event,	however, may a reply b	se timely filed after SIX (6) MONTHS from the			
- If the p - If NO p - Failure - Any re	g date of this communication. period for reply specified above is less than thirty (3C period for reply is specified above, the maximum state to reply within the set or extended period for reply viply received by the Office later than three months af patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	utory period will apply and will ex will, by statute, cause the applica	cpire SIX (6) MONTHS fr tion to become ABANDO	rom the mailing date of this communication. DNED (35 U.S.C. § 133).			
Status							
1) 🗌	Responsive to communication(s) fil	ed on					
2a) 🗌	This action is FINAL.	2b) This action is	non-final.				
3) 🗆	Since this application is in condition closed in accordance with the practice.	•		•			
	tion of Claims						
4) 🗗	Claim(s)	11-20		is/are pending in the application.			
4	4a) Of the above, claim(s)			is/are withdrawn from consideration.			
5) 🗆	Claim(s)			is/are allowed.			
6) 🖳	Claim(s)	11-20	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	is/are rejected.			
7) 🗆	Claim(s)			is/are objected to.			
				to restriction and/or election requirement.			
Applica	ation Papers						
9) 🗆	The specification is objected to by	the Examiner.					
10)	The drawing(s) filed on	is/are a) 🗆	accepted or b)[\square objected to by the Examiner.			
	Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).						
11)	The proposed drawing correction fi	iled on	is: a)□ a	pproved b) disapproved by the Examine	er.		
	If approved, corrected drawings are	required in reply to this	Office action.				
12)	The oath or declaration is objected	to by the Examiner.					
Priority	under 35 U.S.C. §§ 119 and 120						
13)[]	Acknowledgement is made of a cla	aim for foreign priority	under 35 U.S.C.	§ 119(a)-(d) or (f).			
a) 🖸	All b)□ Some* c)□ None o	of:					
	1. \square Certified copies of the priority	documents have beer	received.				
	2. Certified copies of the priority	documents have beer	received in App	lication No. <u>09/271, 897</u> .			
		nternational Bureau (PC	T Rule 17.2(a)).				
	ee the attached detailed Office action						
14) 📙	Acknowledgement is made of a cla	•	•				
	The translation of the foreign lang						
	Acknowledgement is made of a cla	ilm for domestic priorit	y under 35 U.S.(U. 99 120 and/or 121.			
Attachm	nent(s) otice of References Cited (PTO-892)	₄ , Π	nterview Summers IPTC	0-413) Paper No(s)			
_	ptice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-		Notice of Informal Patent				
	3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449) Paper No(s)						
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DETAILED ACTION

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 1. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
 - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 2. Claims 11-13 & 19-20 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Maeda et al. (US Pat. 4,751,146) in view of Hanson (US Pat. 5,863,446).

Maeda et al. discloses a laminate printed circuit board. It is constructed of several layers; one of the layers is made up of mixtures of ethylene/comonomer copolymer, heat-conducting inorganic filler, glass fiber (or glass cloth or mat). Another layer is an electrically conductive layer which may be a metal foil, metal plating or metal deposition. Copper is one of the metals used. Other layers may contain a thermosetting resin and a heat-resistant thermoplastic layer. Although Maeda et al. teaches a circuit board which is used for mounting semiconductor devices, through hole device affixation is not specifically taught.

Hanson discloses using a laser to make blind vias and through vias in a laminate substrate (printed circuit board). Vias are drilled using a laser with energy densities per pulse from 2 J/cm² to 10 J/cm². Additionally, a polymeric photoabsorptive layer (auxiliary material) was applied on the top surface of the laminate substrate in order to enhance the quality of a via entrance. The

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exit variance of a through via can be enhanced by applying a polymeric photo-absorptive layer on the exposed bottom surface of the laminated substrate and a conductive layer in intimate contact with the photo-absorptive layer (backup sheet). It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to drill vias in a printed circuit board, as taught by Hanson, in the Maeda et al. board because these are merely variations used for device affixation.

The prior art discloses a product substantially similar to a claimed product, differing only in the manner by which it is produced. It has been held that one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention would have considered the claimed compositions to have been obvious because of the similarity in the properties. The burden falls to the applicant to show that any process steps associated with the claimed product result in a materially different product from those of the prior art, because there is nothing in the record before the examiner to reasonably conclude that applicant's product differs in kind from those obtained by the references. See In re

Brown 173 USPQ 685 and In re Fessmann 180 USPQ 324.

3. Claims 14-18 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Maeda et al. in view of Hanson, as stated in paragraph 2, above and further in view of Gannon (US Pat. 5,916,401).

Maeda et al. and Hanson teach the presence of a polymeric photoabsorptive layer (auxiliary material) applied to the top surface of the laminate substrate in order to enhance the quality of a via entrance, but do not teach the use of a water soluble material.

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Gannon discloses the use of a coating on a substrate. One suitable coating material is a water soluble polymer. It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to use a water soluble polymer, as taught by Gannon, in the Maeda et al. and Hanson polymeric photoabsorptive layer (auxiliary material) because of the ease of removal in a manufacturing environment and hence enhanced production efficiency.

Conclusion

- 4. The prior art made of record and not relied upon is considered pertinent to applicant's disclosure. See US PTO-892.
- 5. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to M. Alexandra Elve whose telephone number is (703) 308-0092. The examiner can normally be reached Monday to Friday from 6:30 AM to 3:00 PM.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Tom Dunn, can be reached on (703) 308-3318.

Any inquiry of general nature to the status of this application or proceeding should be directed to the group receptionist whose telephone number is (703) 308-0661.

February 9, 2003.

M. ALLIANDRA ELVE PRIMARY EXAMINER